

会員へのお知らせ

「子宮頸癌進行期分類(FIGO2018)についてのお知らせ」

日本産科婦人科学会会員 各位

2018年10月FIGOのOncology Committeeは、機関誌のInternational Journal of Gynecology & ObstetricsにFIGO Cancer Report 2018: Cancer of the cervix uteri(doi:10.1002/ijgo.12611.)を掲載し、新しい子宮頸癌進行期分類 FIGO 2018を示しました。新分類では画像診断や病理所見も進行期決定に加味されます。下記に新FIGO分類を原文のまま示します。

日本産科婦人科学会では今後、FIGO2018進行期分類に対する本邦の対応について協議してまいります。したがって今回は情報提供に留め、婦人科腫瘍登録など、本会としては、新たにお知らせをするまでは現行の臨床進行期分類(日産婦2011)を採用します。

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TABLE 1 FIGO staging of cancer of the cervix uteri (2018).

Stage	Description
I	The carcinoma is strictly confined to the cervix (extension to the uterine corpus should be disregarded)
IA	Invasive carcinoma that can be diagnosed only by microscopy, with maximum depth of invasion <5 mm ^a
IA1	Measured stromal invasion <3 mm in depth
IA2	Measured stromal invasion ≥3 mm and <5 mm in depth
IB	Invasive carcinoma with measured deepest invasion ≥5 mm (greater than Stage IA), lesion limited to the cervix uteri ^b
IB1	Invasive carcinoma ≥5 mm depth of stromal invasion, and <2 cm in greatest dimension
IB2	Invasive carcinoma ≥2 cm and <4 cm in greatest dimension
IB3	Invasive carcinoma ≥4 cm in greatest dimension
II	The carcinoma invades beyond the uterus, but has not extended onto the lower third of the vagina or to the pelvic wall
IIA	Involvement limited to the upper two-thirds of the vagina without parametrial involvement
IIA1	Invasive carcinoma <4 cm in greatest dimension
IIA2	Invasive carcinoma ≥4 cm in greatest dimension
IIB	With parametrial involvement but not up to the pelvic wall
III	The carcinoma involves the lower third of the vagina and/or extends to the pelvic wall and/or causes hydronephrosis or nonfunctioning kidney and/or involves pelvic and/or para-aortic lymph nodes ^c
IIIA	The carcinoma involves the lower third of the vagina, with no extension to the pelvic wall
IIIB	Extension to the pelvic wall and/or hydronephrosis or nonfunctioning kidney (unless known to be due to another cause)
IIIC	Involvement of pelvic and/or para-aortic lymph nodes, irrespective of tumor size and extent (with r and p notations) ^c
IIIC1	Pelvic lymph node metastasis only
IIIC2	Para-aortic lymph node metastasis
IV	The carcinoma has extended beyond the true pelvis or has involved (biopsy proven) the mucosa of the bladder or rectum. (A bullous edema, as such, does not permit a case to be allotted to Stage IV)
IVA	Spread to adjacent pelvic organs
IVB	Spread to distant organs

When in doubt, the lower staging should be assigned.

^aImaging and pathology can be used, where available, to supplement clinical findings with respect to tumor size and extent, in all stages.

^bThe involvement of vascular/lymphatic spaces does not change the staging. The lateral extent of the lesion is no longer considered.

^cAdding notation of r (imaging) and p (pathology) to indicate the findings that are used to allocate the case to Stage IIIC. Example: If imaging indicates pelvic lymph node metastasis, the stage allocation would be Stage IIIC1r, and if confirmed by pathologic findings, it would be Stage IIIC1p. The type of imaging modality or pathology technique used should always be documented.